

Title of the Paper (Sentence Case)

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Abstract: *Write your abstract here. Don't use reference numbers. The whole abstract should be in one para. This electronic document is a "live" template and already defines the components of your paper [title, text, heads, etc.] in its style sheet. You can use this document as both an instruction set and as a template into which you can type your own text.*

Keywords: *Atleast five keywords separated by comma (,)*

I Introduction

This template, modified in MS Word 2003 and saved as "Word 97-2003 6.0/95 – RTF" for the PC, provides authors with most of the formatting specifications needed for preparing electronic versions of their papers [1, 2] and [3–5].

II Related Work

Literature reviews [6, 7].

II-A Equations

The equations are an exception to the prescribed specifications of this template. You will need to determine whether or not your equation should be typed using either the Times New Roman or the Symbol font (please no other font). To create multileveled equations, it may be necessary to treat the equation as a graphic and insert it into the text after your paper is styled.

Number equations consecutively. To make your equations more compact, you may use the solidus (/), the exp function, or appropriate exponents. Italicize Roman symbols for quantities and variables, but not Greek symbols. Use a long dash rather than a hyphen for a minus sign. Punctuate equations with commas or periods when they are part of a sentence, as in:

$$a + b = \gamma \tag{1}$$

Be sure that the symbols in your equation have been defined before or immediately following the equation. Use "(1)", not "Eq. (1)" or "equation (1)", except at the beginning of a sentence: "Equation (1) is . . ."

II-B Subsections

Subsection 1.

II-C Subsections

Subsection 2.

III Proposed Experimental Setup

III-A Figures and Tables

Figures and Tables: Place figures and tables at the top and bottom of columns. Avoid placing them in the middle of columns. Large figures and tables may span across both columns. Figure captions should be below the figures; table heads should appear above the tables. Insert figures and tables after they are cited in the text. Use the abbreviation “Fig. 1”, even at the beginning of a sentence.

Table 1: Table Type Styles

Table Head	Table Column Head		
	<i>Table column subhead</i>	<i>Subhead</i>	<i>Subhead</i>
copy	More table copy ^a		

^aSample of a Table footnote.



Figure 1: Example of a figure caption.

Figure Labels: Use 8 point Times New Roman for Figure labels. Use words rather than symbols or abbreviations when writing Figure axis labels to avoid confusing the reader. As an example, write the quantity “Magnetization”, or “Magnetization, M”, not just “M”. If including units in the label, present them within parentheses. Do not label axes only with units. In the example, write “Magnetization (A/m)” or “Magnetization {A[m(1)]}”, not just “A/m”. Do not label axes with a ratio of quantities and units. For example, write “Temperature (K)”, not “Temperature/K”.

Acknowledgement

Put sponsor acknowledgments in the unnumbered footnote on the first page.

References

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